

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

IN THE MATTER OF:	)	
	)	CASE NO. BK10-80463-TLS
MATTHEW JASON BILLMEIER,	)	A10-8024-TLS
	)	
Debtor(s).	)	CHAPTER 13
<hr/> MATTHEW JASON BILLMEIER,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	
	)	
DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES,	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	

ORDER

This matter was presented to the court on the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment (Fil. No. 15). No objection was filed. Erin M. McCartney represents the debtor. No appearance has been made for the defendant. Evidence and a brief were filed and, pursuant to the court's authority under Nebraska Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7056-1, the motion was taken under advisement without oral arguments.

The debtor filed this adversary proceeding to strip off a third lien against his residence.

The following facts are uncontroverted:

1. The plaintiff is the debtor in this Chapter 13 proceeding.
2. The plaintiff is an owner of real property legally described as Indian Creek Lot 128 Block 0 Irregular SID #404, an addition to the City of Elkhorn, Douglas County, Nebraska as surveyed, platted and recorded in Douglas County, Nebraska, commonly known as 4207 North 195th Street, Elkhorn, Nebraska 68022-5174.
3. The above-described property has at all relevant times been the personal residence of the plaintiff herein.
4. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage holds a first lien against the real property in the approximate amount of \$325,936.00.
5. There also exists a second lien against the property held by Wells Fargo Home Mortgage in the approximate amount of \$43,277.96, which was perfected on December 22, 2005.

6. Discover Financial Services, LLC, holds a third lien in the approximate amount of \$7,841.00.

7. Based upon an appraisal completed pursuant to the request of the debtor on April 5, 2010, the value of the personal residence in question is \$330,000.00 at all relevant times. Upon information and belief, the third lien of the defendant is wholly unsecured.

8. The plaintiff filed this adversary complaint on April 23, 2010.

9. The summons and complaint were served on the defendant by certified mail service, return receipt requested, on January 25, 2011.

10. The time for filing an answer or other response expired on February 13, 2011.

11. No answer or other response has been filed or served by the defendant.

12. The defendant is not an infant or incompetent person as set out in Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7055(b)(2), and the defendant is not in the military service.

Debtors in Chapter 13 may “strip off” or wholly avoid the lien of a junior mortgagee where there is no equity securing the security interest in the property. This question has already been decided in this jurisdiction by *In re Sanders*, 202 B.R. 986 (Bankr. D. Neb. 1996). *See also In re Valentine*, Case No. BK07-40039-TLS (Bankr. D. Neb. Mar. 27, 2007).

In the present case, there is no dispute that the third lien is wholly unsecured. Accordingly, it may be stripped off. As explained in *Begley v. American Nat’l Bank (In re Begley)*, 2009 Bankr. LEXIS 2310 (Bankr. D. Neb. July 15, 2009),

[t]his court is not alone in determining that a Chapter 13 debtor may strip off a junior mortgagee’s wholly unsecured lien. *See Pond v. Farm Specialist Realty (In re Pond)*, 252 F.3d 122 (2d Cir. 2001); *McDonald v. Master Fin., Inc. (In re McDonald)*, 205 F.3d 606 (3d Cir. 2000); *Bartee v. Tara Colony Homeowners Ass’n (In re Bartee)*, 212 F.3d 277 (5th Cir. 2000); *Lane v. W. Interstate Bancorp (In re Lane)*, 280 F.3d 663, (6th Cir. 2002); *Zimmer v. PSB Lending Corp. (In re Zimmer)*, 313 F.3d 1220 (9th Cir. 2002); *Tanner v. FirstPlus Fin., Inc. (In re Tanner)*, 217 F.3d 1357 (11th Cir. 2000); *Johnson v. Asset Mgmt. Group, L.L.C. (In re Johnson)*, 226 B.R. 364 (D. Md. 1998); *Domestic Bank v. Mann (In re Mann)*, 249 B.R. 831 (B.A.P. 1st Cir. 2000); *Griffey v. U.S. Bank (In re Griffey)*, 335 B.R. 166 (B.A.P. 10th Cir. 2005); *Lam v. Investors Thrift (In re Lam)*, 211 B.R. 36, 41 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 1997).

Summary judgment is appropriate only if the record, when viewed in the light most favorable to the non-moving party, shows there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c) (made applicable to adversary proceedings in bankruptcy by

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7056); *see, e.g., Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 322-23 (1986); *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 249-50 (1986); *Aviation Charter, Inc. v. Aviation Research Group/US*, 416 F.3d 864, 868 (8th Cir. 2005); *Ferris, Baker Watts, Inc. v. Stephenson (In re MJK Clearing, Inc.)*, 371 F.3d 397, 401 (8th Cir. 2004).

To withstand a motion for summary judgment, the non-moving party “has an affirmative burden to designate specific facts creating a triable controversy.” *Crossley v. Georgia-Pac. Corp.*, 355 F.3d 1112, 1113 (8th Cir. 2004) (internal citations omitted). Failure to oppose a basis for summary judgment constitutes a waiver of that argument. *Satcher v. Univ. of Ark. at Pine Bluff Bd. of Trs.*, 558 F.3d 731, 734-35 (8th Cir. 2009). “Rule 56(c) mandates the entry of summary judgment, after adequate time for discovery and upon motion, against a party who fails to make a showing sufficient to establish the existence of an element essential to that party’s case, and on which that party will bear the burden of proof at trial.” *Celotex*, 477 U.S. at 322.

*Id.* at \*3-5.

There are no material facts in dispute here. The debtor may strip off the wholly unsecured third lien held by Discover Financial Services for the purposes of the Chapter 13 plan. However, the lien shall not be avoided until the plaintiff completes the Chapter 13 plan in its entirety. In the event the Chapter 13 case is converted or dismissed prior to plan completion, Discover Financial Services would continue to hold a valid and unavoided lien secured by the plaintiff’s residential real property. For this reason no documentation of lien avoidance need or shall be recorded until such time as the plaintiff successfully completes the Chapter 13 plan.

IT IS ORDERED: The debtor-plaintiff’s motion for summary judgment (Fil. No. 15) is granted. Separate judgment will be entered.

DATED: April 21, 2011.

BY THE COURT:

/s/ Thomas L. Saladino  
Chief Judge

Notice given by the Court to:

\*Erin M. McCartney  
Kathleen A. Laughlin  
U.S. Trustee

Movant (\*) is responsible for giving notice to other parties if required by rule or statute.